# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MISSOURI FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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# Mayor & Board of Aldermen

Mike Todd	Mayor
Jayci Stratton	Ward 1
Chris Bamman, (Mayor Pro-Tem)	Ward 1
Nancy Totton	Ward 2
Yolanda West	Ward 2
Bob Headley	Ward 3
Shae Bass	Ward 3

# **Administration & Department Heads**

Ryan Hunt	City Administrator
Ken Murphy	Assistant City Administrator
James Beale	Police Chief
Cathy Bowden	Finance Director
Shannon Davies	Director of Parks & Recreation
Rick Arroyo	
Theresa Osenbaugh	City Clerk
City Attorney	Joe Lauber
Independent Certified Public Accountants	Troutt, Beeman & Co., P.C.

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of The City of Grain Valley's Annual Financial Report provides readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal at the front of this report, the City's basic financial statements, and notes to the financial statements, to enhance their understanding of the activities and financial health of The City of Grain Valley.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total City debt was reduced by \$2,369,289 or 12.3% in 2018
- Net assets of the City increased \$1,191,457 or 2.0% during fiscal 2018. A portion
  of the increase was in cash from capital projects that were not completed. Funds
  for these projects were reallocated in 2019 budget. Several 2018 projects were
  completed and recorded as capital assets along with the purchase of capital
  assets.
- Unrestricted net position increased \$859,791 in 2018. \$95,350 of this amount is attributed to Governmental Activities and \$764,441 in business-type activities.
- During fiscal 2018, the City's governmental funds expenditures of \$11,926,433 appears to be \$1,760,048 greater than the \$10,166,385 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental programs. However, \$3,470,000 of the expenses were the result of the bond refunding and paid with bond proceeds.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's *Basic Financial Statements*. The Basic Financial Statements consists of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements (including component unit statements), and notes to the financial statements. In addition, this report contains other *Required Supplementary Information*, a *Supplemental Information* section that presents *combining statements* for non-major governmental funds (along with actual and budget comparison schedules), and a *Statistical Section* which includes supplemental disclosure information.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
  - Governmental Fund statements tell how general government services like public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, and storm water were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary Fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the City government operates similar to a private business.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required components, a section is included with combining statements that provide further detail about our non-major governmental funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in each of the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The statement of net position includes all the government's assets, deferred outflows/inflows and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the City's assets, and deferred inflow/outflows, is one way to measure the City's financial position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is an indicator of whether its financial condition is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall condition of the City, consideration should be given to additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads and other infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as public safety, roads and bridges, parks and recreation, and general administration. Sales taxes, property taxes, charges for services, and State and Federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The City charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's only Enterprise Fund is the Water/Sewer Fund.
- Component units: The City currently has no situations or relationships which would be classified as component units.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant *funds*, not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. These funds are divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds.

- Governmental funds: Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided on the subsequent page of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between the two types of statements.
- *Proprietary funds:* Services, for which the City charges customers a fee, are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements.
  - The City's Enterprise Funds are classified as a business-type activity on the government-wide statements, but more detailed information is provided in the Proprietary Fund Statements, such as its cash flows.
- Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that
  is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide
  and fund financials.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

**Net Position.** As discussed earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2018, the City's net assets were \$38,753,721. Table A provides a summary of the City's governmental and business-type net assets for fiscal 2018.

Table A
Combined Statement of Net Position

		Govern Activ				Busine Activ		• .			otal	
		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018
Assets												
Cash and other assets Total capital assets	\$	10,569,762 27,485,836	\$	12,051,555 26,897,354	\$	6,512,204 13,271,388	\$	7,315,514 12,837,470	\$	17,081,966 40,757,224	\$	19,367,069 39,734,824
Total assets	\$	38,055,598	\$	38,948,909	\$		\$	20,152,984	\$	57,839,190	\$	59,101,893
Deferred outflows/inflows												
Pension	\$	346,404	\$	269,021	\$	104,528	\$	107,665	\$	201,149		376,686
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	38,402,002	\$	39,217,930	\$	19,888,120	\$	20,260,649	\$	58,040,339	\$	59,478,579
Liabilities												
Current and other liabilities Long-term debt outstanding	\$	2,409,221 16,060,258	\$	2,412,993 14,000,685	\$	1,291,233 958,356	\$	1,389,334 356,804		3,700,454 17,018,614	\$	3,802,327 14,357,489
Total liabilities	\$	18,469,479	\$	16,413,678	\$	2,249,589	\$	1,746,138	\$	20,719,068	\$	18,159,816
Deferred Inflows												
Property Taxes	\$	2,185,253	\$	1,893,915	\$	-	\$	-		2,185,253	\$	1,893,915
Debt Refunding	\$	-	\$	239,806	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	239,806
Pension	\$	147,829	\$	332,334	\$	64,627	\$	98,987		212,456	\$	431,321
Total deferred inflows	\$	2,333,082	\$	2,466,055	\$	64,627	\$	98,987	\$	2,397,709	\$	2,565,042
Net Position												
Net Investment in Capital												
Assets	\$	16,071,142	\$	16,744,144	\$	12,683,862	\$	12,612,001	\$	28,755,004	\$	29,356,145
Restricted:		0.050.040		4 4 4 0 0 0 0						0.050.040		4.440.000
Capital projects & Other		2,958,913		4,143,683		440.077		-		2,958,913		4,143,683
Debt Service		1,116,281		1,904,915		418,277		567,317		1,534,558		2,472,232
Unrestricted	φ	(2,549,895)	•	(2,454,545)		4,471,765	φ	5,236,206	φ	1,921,870	φ	2,781,661
Total net Position	\$	17,596,441	\$	20,338,197	\$	17,573,904	\$	18,415,524	\$	35,170,345	Ф	38,753,721
Total net position, liabilities,	_		_		_		_	****	_			
and deferred inflows	\$	38,399,002	\$	39,217,930	\$	19,888,120	\$	20,260,649	\$	58,287,122	\$	59,478,579

Total net position for the City at December 31, 2018, was \$38,753,721 with \$18,415,524 attributed to business-type activities and \$20,338,197 attributable to governmental activities.

At the end of fiscal 2018 the City had \$39,734,824, net of accumulated depreciation, invested in a variety of capital assets, including land, buildings, construction in progress, law enforcement equipment, heavy equipment for the maintenance of roads and bridges, as well as, the addition of infrastructure. This was a decrease of \$1,022,400 over 2017 attributed to the accumulated depreciation recorded for the capital assets and the disposal of some assets.

The largest portion of the City's net position represents the net investment in capital assets, (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire the assets. These capital assets are used for the purpose of providing services to the City of Grain Valley citizens; therefore, they are not available for future spending.

Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

\$4,143,683 of restricted assets represent deposits on hand from TIF, CID and NID activity, future capital projects, court and prepaid expenses while the \$1,904,915 restricted for debt service are funds collected and being held to pay off bonds and restricted for that use.

**Governmental Activities.** Table B (see next page) presents fiscal 2017 and 2018 revenues and expenditures for the primary government as they are reported in the Statement of Activities in the basic financial statements. The revenues and expenditures include the Governmental Funds (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds) and Enterprise Funds (Water and Sewer Fund).

Sales taxes increased 25.9% which indicates economic conditions continued to improve in retail activity. New businesses in the Interchange TIF attributed a large portion. Improved vehicle sales, new taxes from telecommunication companies and other businesses that opened also contributed. Permits for residential and commercial growth also showed an increase reflective of general economic conditions which correspond directly with the small growth in sales tax revenue. Sales taxes were 29.7% of revenue in the governmental funds.

Property taxes for the General Fund had a slight increase in 2018. The continued moderate growth in new construction and increased assessed value contributed to the increase.

Economic Development activity within the TIF project area #2 has improved. The Movie Theater and convenience store have been meeting revenue projections. The new

grocery store began generating revenue in 2018 along with additional small businesses that opened in the district. TIF project 1A has a fast food restaurant and an auto parts store that produces additional sales taxes.

Parks and recreation expenses increased slightly as a result of continued trail improvements and capital purchases.

**Business-type Activities:** Overall revenues had an increase of \$61,008, or 1.1% compared to 2017. The increase is the result of increased building permits and developer fees. There were no rate increases in 2018. Expenses decreased \$20,904 or 00.6% over 2017 from an increase in cost of water purchased, line maintenance and treatment costs.

Water and Sewer revenues and expenses are affected by the number of new houses and businesses as well as the weather being wet or dry.

Table B
City of Grain Valley, Missouri - Changes in Net Position

	Govern Acti				ess-type vities			To	tal	I	
	2017	*11.10	2018	2017	vicio	2018		2017	tui	2018	
Revenues											
Program Revenues											
Charges for Services	\$ 737,216	\$	702,926	\$ 5,709,320	\$	5,767,618	\$	6,446,536	\$	6,470,544	
Operating Grants and Contributions	848,334		937,529	-		-		848,334		937,529	
General Revenues											
Taxes:											
Property Taxes-general purposes	984,292		1,067,252	-		-		984,292		1,067,252	
Property Taxes-specific purposes	2,590,114		3,030,903	-		-		2,590,114		3,030,903	
Franchise Taxes	1,076,180		1,134,626	-		-		1,076,180		1,134,626	
Sales Taxes	2,388,160		3,007,754	-		-		2,388,160		3,007,754	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	65,339		148,371	21,572		75,632		86,911		224,003	
Gain/Loss Sale of Asset	-		-	-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous	84,744		72,638	46,516		(4,834)		131,260		67,804	
Total Revenues	8,774,379		10,101,999	5,777,408		5,838,416		14,551,787		15,940,415	
Expenses											
General Government	917,222		868,940	-		-		917,222		868,940	
Municipal Court	112,469		112,559	-		-		112,469		112,559	
Public Safety	2,061,904		2,245,148	-		-		2,061,904		2,245,148	
Planning & Engineering	357,990		358,462	-		-		357,990		358,462	
Economic Development Projects	482,284		426,415	-		-		482,284		426,415	
Public Works	1,410,118		1,567,324	-		-		1,410,118		1,567,324	
Parks and Recreation	1,051,270		1,085,891	-		-		1,051,270		1,085,891	
Public Health	41,613		45,115	-		-		41,613		45,115	
Bond Costs	-		64,371	-		-		-		64,371	
Interest on Long-term Debt	353,367		586,018	-		-		353,367		586,018	
Business-type Activities	-		-	5,017,700		4,996,796		5,017,700		4,996,796	
Total Expenses	6,788,237		7,360,243	5,017,700		4,996,796		11,805,937		12,357,039	
Changes in net Position before transfers	1,986,142		2,741,756	759,708		841,620		2,745,850		3,583,376	
Changes in net assets	1,986,142		2,741,756	759,708		841,620		2,745,850		3,583,376	
Net Position at beginning of year	15,610,299		17,596,441	16,814,196		17,573,904		32,424,495		35,170,345	
Net Position at end of year	\$ 17,596,441	\$	20,338,197	\$ 17,573,904	\$	18,415,524	\$	35,170,345	\$	38,753,721	

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

**Governmental Funds Overview**. The City of Grain Valley uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As described earlier, the City's governmental funds provide information on short-term inflows and outflows, as well as what remains for future spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. For example, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The following information is supplemental to the information presented in the previous section (Table B).

At the end of fiscal 2018, the City of Grain Valley reported a combined fund balance of \$9,445,592 in the Governmental Funds. Of the total combined fund balance, 20.5% is unassigned fund balance. This is the portion of fund balance which serves as a measure of current available financial resources. This share of the fund balance is further divided into General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Funds. Total fund balance increased \$1,778,568 in fiscal 2018 primarily due to a fiscal policy to closely monitor expenses and an increase in revenues.

The restricted fund balance represents resources not available for spending or those on which legal restrictions have been placed.

The General Fund, Park Fund, Transportation Fund, and Debt Service Fund are the City's four major governmental funds.

General Fund. The General Fund of the City of Grain Valley accounts for all transactions not required to be accounted for in other funds. As the City's major operating fund, the General Fund accounts for ordinary operating expenditures financed primarily by property taxes, sales tax and charges for services. The General Fund completed the year with a fund balance of \$2,962,962, increasing \$64,858 from 2017. The fund balance is 65.9% unassigned while the remaining 34.4% is non-spendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Park Fund</u>. The Park Fund accounts for Parks and Recreation property tax, sales tax, and user fees collected for the purpose of providing parks services for the City. This includes land purchasing, parks projects, equipping, maintaining, and operating the parks and recreation facilities. The Park Fund ending fund balance was \$1,120,501; an increase of \$183,046 from the prior year's ending balance. All the Park Fund balance is restricted and non-spendable.

<u>Transportation Fund</u>. The Transportation Fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of roads and bridges within the City. Financing is provided primarily by a ½ cent transportation sales tax and other intergovernmental revenues from the State. The Transportation Fund ended with a restricted fund balance of \$1,457,650. \$6,682 of the balance is non-spendable.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>. The Debt Service Fund accounts for revenue generated by property tax levy for payment of general obligation bonds. The fund has a restricted fund balance of \$1,436,852.

The following funds are non-major governmental funds:

<u>Grain Valley Marketplace Neighborhood Improvement District (NID).</u> The NID Fund was established to record the bond proceeds and revenues from special assessments within the NID. It tracks the eligible expenses for NID improvements.

<u>Public Health Fund</u>. The Public Health Fund is a special revenue fund supported by property tax levy to provide health related programs. The fund has a restricted fund balance of \$41,216.

<u>Tourism Fund.</u> This fund is a special revenue fund that records the hotel/motel taxes collected. The revenues are used to promote the city and economic development. The fund balance at the end of 2018 was \$33,374.

<u>2011 GO Bond Fund</u>. The 2011 GO Bond Fund accounts for the monies from the 2011 Bond proceeds. The bonds were issued for the I-70 Interchange and street improvements. At the end of 2018 all the funds from the bond issue have been spent on projects.

<u>2012 IDA TIF Fund</u>. The IDA TIF Bond Fund was set up according to the bond ordinance to track the activity within the TIF District project area #2. It accounts for the bond proceeds and revenue from the project activity.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The Board of Aldermen revised the budget of the General Fund three times throughout the year. The amendments increased expenditures for capital projects and transfers from the TIF funds.

Actual revenues were \$50,249 more than the final budgeted revenues. The major areas accounting for this difference were:

- Property and Sales Taxes were \$56,081 more than budgeted.
- Intergovernmental revenues were less than budgeted.
- Investment earnings were \$26,759 more than budgeted.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** The City of Grain Valley's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities is \$39,734,824, net of accumulated depreciation. This includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, roads, bridges,

and construction in progress. Major capital asset and projects funded this year are as follows:

- General Fund 2 Police vehicles and equipment, a building, fleet equipment
- Parks Fund- John Deere mower, cameras, obstacle course, picnic tables
- Public Works Capital Expenses-dump truck and equipment, wheel loader, a building, spray system

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 30 to 31 of this report.

**Debt Administration.** The City of Grain Valley had various forms of debt during fiscal 2018. The 2008A General Obligation Bonds were refunded in 2018.

Table C below shows the City's outstanding debt by type for 2017 and 2018.

Table C Outstanding Debt

	Govern	mer	ntal	,	Busines	ss-ty	pe		To	tal	
	2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018
General Obligation Bonds	11,299,676		9,829,676						11,299,676		9,829,676
Certificates of Participation	865,000		660,000						865,000		660,000
TIF Bonds	2,470,000		2,380,000						2,470,000		2,380,000
NID Notes	3,035,000		2,910,000					3	3,035,000.00		2,910,000
Sewerage Revenue Bonds					1,380,000		845,000		1,380,000		845,000
Bond Premium	-		118,494		-		18,815		-		137,309
2015 Land Purchase Loan	82,202		41,403		82,202		41,403		164,404		82,806
Total	\$ 17,751,878	\$	15,939,573	\$	1,462,202	\$	905,218	\$	19,214,080	\$	16,844,791

The City's debt for governmental activities decreased in fiscal 2018 from \$17,751,878 to \$15,939,573 or 10.3%. The decrease was the net of annual principal payments for the bond's additional leases and loan for land purchased for future use. All principal and interest payments were made according to schedule. 2018A Refunding Bonds were issued in 2018 to refund the 2008A general obligation bonds.

Outstanding debt for business-type activities decreased by \$556,984. Payments on all outstanding debt made according to existing amortization schedules.

Total debt decreased a net of \$2,369,289 or 12.3%.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 36 to 41 of this report.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS, 2018 BUDGET AND TAX RATES**

- The City's fiscal 2018 General Fund budgeted revenues increased 2.9% from the fiscal 2017 budget. The increase is due to an increase in property tax and sales taxes. Budgeted expenditures increased 8.4%. This is the result of an increase in capital purchases, full employment in the police department and changes in personnel allocations. Revenue received in the governmental funds increased 15.1% as a result of increase in property and sales taxes and earnings revenue.
- The City has a 1 cent general sales tax as well as ½ cent sales tax for Park, ½ cent for Transportation, and ½ cent for capital improvement. Sales tax revenue increased 25.9% as a result of new and expanded businesses and a continued increase in local shopping and vehicle sales.
- The City's 2018 property tax levies have been adopted by the Board of Alderman and approved by the State Auditor's Office. The levies total \$1.7294 per \$100 of assessed value.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, creditors, and other interested parties, and to show our accountability for the monies entrusted to our care. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Director of Finance, The City of Grain Valley, 711 Main Street, Grain Valley, Missouri 64029.

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TROUTT, BEEMAN & CO., P.C.

#### **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Alderman City of Grain Valley, Missouri

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grain Valley, Missouri (the City), as of the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Grain Valley, Missouri's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grain Valley, Missouri, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System, and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages v through xv and 51 through 55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with managements responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grain Valley, Missouri's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and other budgetary schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplemental information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. We have applied certain limited procedures to the supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with managements responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

Troutt, Beeman & Co., P.C. Harrisonville, Missouri May 22, 2019

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 9,619,253	\$ 4,742,785	\$ 14,362,038
Cash and investments-restricted	1,137,219	864,510	2,001,729
Taxes receivable, net	575,071	-	575,071
Accrued interest	3,160	7,046	10,206
Accounts receivable, net	12,845	587,190	600,035
Capacity charges, net of amortization	-	679,749	679,749
Inventories	-	53,634	53,634
Prepaid expenses	243,254	198,414	441,668
Net pension asset	460,753	182,186	642,939
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	4,640,011	626,408	5,266,419
Buildings and improvements	5,712,823	307,599	6,020,422
Land improvements	2,367,881	54,168	2,422,049
Furniture and equipment	1,514,401	594,692	2,109,093
Vehicles	983,223	534,806	1,518,029
Distribution system	-	20,862,434	20,862,434
Infrastructure	25,399,610	· · · -	25,399,610
Less: accumulated depreciation	(13,720,595)	(10,142,637)	(23,863,232)
Total capital assets	26,897,354	12,837,470	39,734,824
Total assets	38,948,909	20,152,984	59,101,893
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	269,021	107,665	376,686
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	39,217,930	20,260,649	59,478,579
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	84,175	395,108	479,283
Unearned revenues	-	12,887	12,887
Customer deposits	17,855	367,460	385,315
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	20,845	-	20,845
Long-term liabilities:	20,010		20,010
Due within one year:			
Bonds, capital leases, and contracts	2,092,593	597,155	2,689,748
Compensated absences	38,426	12,185	50,611
Accrued interest	159,099	4,539	163,638
Due in more than one year:	159,099	4,555	103,030
Bonds, capital leases, and contracts	13,846,981	308,063	14,155,044
Compensated absences	153,704	48,741	202,445
·			
Total liabilities	16,413,678	1,746,138	<u> 18,159,816</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes	1,893,915	=	1,893,915
Debt refunding	239,806	-	239,806
Pension	332,334	98,987	431,321
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,466,055	98,987	2,565,042
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	16,744,144	12,612,001	29,356,145
Restricted for:	10,111,111	12,012,001	20,000,110
Capital projects	1,500,282	_	1,500,282
Parks	820,323	_	820,323
Road and street	1,444,167	-	1,444,167
Police and court	20,351	-	20,351
Debt service		- EG7 247	,
	1,904,915	567,317	2,472,232
Public health	41,216	-	41,216
Economic development	74,090	-	74,090
Prepaid items  Uprostricted	243,254	- - 000 000	243,254
Unrestricted	(2,454,545)	5,236,206	2,781,661
Total net position	20,338,197	18,415,524	38,753,721
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 39,217,930	\$ 20,260,649	\$ 59,478,579

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

			Program Revenue	9	Net (Expense)	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Net Position
!	ı	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:	080	95 36	9	6	(000)	6	(000 000)
Marie de l'entre l'ent			9			9	-
Municipal court	2 245 478	120,001	108 543	' '	10,040		10,040
Public salety	2,243,146	12,41		2	(2,032,321)	•	(2,032,321)
Planning and engineering	358,462	729,644		' '	(128,818)	•	(128,818)
Economic development	426,415		. 34,682		(391,733)		(391,733)
Street	1,567,324	•	. 699,461		(867,863)	•	(867,863)
Parks and recreation	1,085,891	294,928			(790,963)	•	(790,963)
Public health	45,115	•			(45,115)	•	(45,115)
Bond costs	64,371				(64.371)	•	(64.371)
Interest on long-term debt	586,018			•	(586,018)	•	(586,018)
Total governmental activities	7,360,243	702,926	937,529	29	(5,719,788)		(5,719,788)
)							
Business-type activities, Water and sewer	4,996,796	5,767,618			•	770,822	770,822
Coldinate and Constitution of Later	902 300 1	257 540				000 022	000 022
Total primary government	\$ 12,357,039	\$ 6,470,544	\$ 937,529	29 \$	(5,719,788)	770,822	(4,948,966)
	Taxes:						
	Property taxes, levied for	evied for general purposes	poses		1,067,252	•	1,067,252
	Property taxes, k	Property taxes, levied for specific purposes	boses		3,030,903		3,030,903
	Franchise taxes and other taxes	and other taxes			1,134,626		1,134,626
	Sales taxes				3,007,754	' 6	3,007,754
	Investment earnings	St			148,371	75,632	224,003
	Miscellaneous revenue (expense)	cellaneous revenue (expense) Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	ne and transfare		8 461 544	(4,834)	8 532 342
	Change in net position	et position			2,741,756	841,620	3,583,376
	Net position - beginning	guint			17,596,441	17,573,904	35,170,345
	Net position - ending	б			\$ 20,338,197	\$ 18,415,524	\$ 38,753,721

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 General	 Park	Tra	nsportation
ASSETS  Pooled cash and investments Cash and investments-restricted Taxes receivable, net Due from other funds Accrued interest Other receivables Prepaids	\$ 3,273,533 26,758 277,593 3,456 1,490 12,600 94,233	\$ 951,099 238,056 71,131 - - 245 12,597	\$	1,297,325 327 155,216 - - - 8,003
Total assets	\$ 3,689,663	\$ 1,273,128	\$	1,460,871
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Customer deposits Due to other funds Other liabilities	\$ 60,293 - - - 20,845	\$ 9,234 890 - 	\$	3,221 - - -
Total liabilities	 81,138	 10,124		3,221
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Advances of tax revenue	 645,563	 142,503		<u>-</u>
Fund balances:  Nonspendable:  Prepaid items  Interfund advances  Restricted:	94,233 3,456	12,597 -		8,003 -
Capital projects Parks and recreation Economic development Debt service	- - -	871,938 - 235,966		- - -
Road and street Public health Police and court	- - 20,351	- - -		1,449,647 - -
Committed for: Emergency reserve Budget stabilization reserve Bond payments Unassigned	541,270 360,846 - 1,942,806	- - -		- - -
Total fund balances	 2,962,962	 1,120,501		1,457,650
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,689,663	\$ 1,273,128	\$	1,460,871

			Other		Total	
		Go	vernmental	Governmenta		
De	ebt Service		Funds		Funds	
\$	2,484,192	\$	1,613,374	\$	9,619,523	
	-		872,078		1,137,219	
	-		71,131		575,071	
	-		-		3,456	
	1,671		-		3,161	
	-		-		12,845	
	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>		114,833	
\$	2,485,863	\$	2,556,583	\$	11,466,108	
\$	-	\$	11,697	\$	84,445	
	-		16,965		17,855	
	-		3,456		3,456	
	<u>=</u>		<del>_</del>		20,845	
	<u> </u>		32,118		126,601	
	1,049,011		56,838		1,893,915	
	_		_		114,833	
	_		_		3,456	
	-		1,501,830		1,501,830	
	-		-		871,938	
	1 426 052		332,940		332,940	
	1,436,852		-		1,672,818 1,449,647	
	_		41,216		41,216	
	-		-		20,351	
					5/11 OZO	
	<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		541,270 360,846	
	_		594,345		594,345	
	<u>-</u>		(2,704)		1,940,102	
-			(2,101)		1,010,102	
	1,436,852		2,467,627		9,445,592	
\$	2,485,863	\$	2,556,583	\$	11,466,108	

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 9,445,592
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	 26,897,354
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position,	
Net pension asset	 460,753
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.	 (159,099)
Deferred pension inflows and outflows are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:	
Inflows Outflows	(332,334) 269,021
Outilows	 (63,313)
Deferred debt refunding is not included in the fund financial statement, but is included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:	(239,806)
Expenditures benefiting future periods are not reported in the governmental funds, yet are reflected as prepaid items in the statement of Net Position.	 128,420
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the government-wide statements:	
Bonds and capital leases Compensated absences	 (15,939,574) (192,130) (16,131,704)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 20,338,197

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# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	General Fund	Park	Transportation
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 3,131,081	\$ 703,911	\$ 428,159
Intergovernmental	243,158	-	518,552
Charges for services	2,500	294,928	-
Fees and fines	405,498	-	-
Investment earnings	45,759	23,538	23,916
Other	12,946	449	118,937
Total revenues	3,840,942	1,022,826	1,089,564
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Current expenditures:			
General government	790,548	-	-
Municipal court	112,559	-	-
Public safety	2,150,455	-	-
Planning and engineering	209,843	-	-
Street	-	-	479,506
Parks and recreation	-	860,394	-
Public health	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-
Capital outlay	308,472	69,395	216,899
Debt service:			
Principal	40,799	205,000	-
Interest and other charges	1,233	44,991	<del>-</del>
Total expenditures	3,613,909	1,179,780	<u>696,405</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	227,033	(156,954)	393,159
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Refunding bonds	-	-	-
Bond issue costs	-	-	-
Premium on bond refunding	40.005	-	-
Sale of assets	10,325	-	-
Transfers in	(470 500)	340,000	(05.000)
Transfers out	(172,500)	<del>_</del>	(25,000)
Total other financing sources and uses	(162,175)	340,000	(25,000)
Net change in fund balances	64,858	183,046	368,159
Fund balances - beginning	2,898,104	937,455	1,089,491
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,962,962	\$ 1,120,501	\$ 1,457,650

See accompanying notes.

	Other Governmental	<b>Total Governmental</b>
Debt Service	Funds	Funds
\$ 1,989,976	\$ 1,987,408	\$ 8,240,535
-	170,976	932,686
-	-	297,428
-	-	405,498
38,276	16,882	148,371
 <u>-</u>	9,535	141,867
 2,028,252	2,184,801	10,166,385
_	_	790,548
_	_	112,559
_	_	2,150,455
_		209,843
_		479,506
_		860,394
_	45,115	45,115
_	426,415	426,415
- -	527,636	1,122,402
4,850,000	215,000	5,310,799
169,582	202,591	418,397
 100,002	202,001	110,007
 5,019,582	1,416,757	11,926,433
 (2,991,330)	768,044	(1,760,048)
3,380,000	_	3,380,000
(64,371)	_	(64,371)
212,662	_	212,662
,	_	10,325
_	581,169	921,169
 <u>-</u>	(723,669)	(921,169)
 3,528,291	(142,500)	3,538,616
536,961	625,544	1,778,568
 899,891	1,842,083	7,667,024
\$ 1,436,852	\$ 2,467,627	\$ 9,445,592

See accompanying notes.

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	1,778,568
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays, which are over the capitalization threshold, exceeded depreciation in the current period:  Capital outlay  Loss on disposal of assets  Capital outlay expensed  Depreciation expense		1,122,402 (74,711) (445,074) (1,410,636) (808,019)
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Net Position reports repayment as a reduction to long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceed repayments:		
Issuance of debt Repayment of principal	_	(3,380,000) 5,310,799
		1,930,799
Governmental funds report premiums and discounts as other financing sources. In contrast, those items are capitalized on the Statement of Net Position and amortized over the life of the bonds on the Statement of Activities. This is the net amount of premiums, discounts, and amortization:  Amortization of debt refundings  Amortization of premiums/discounts		26,645 91,117 117,762
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Prepaid expense Debt refundings Pension expense Accrued interest not reflected on governmental funds		(3,809) (266,451) 17,496 (18,932)
Compensated absences	_	(5,658) (277,354)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,741,756

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Water and Sewer
ASSETS:	
Current assets:	
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 4,742,785
Cash and investments-restricted	864,510
Receivables, net:	
Billed	303,653
Unbilled	283,537
Interest	7,046
Inventories	53,634
Prepaid expenses	198,414
Net pension asset	182,186
Total current assets	6,635,765
Non-current assets:	
Deferred charges, net of amortization	679,749
Capital assets, net	12,837,470
Total non-current assets	13,517,219
Total assets	20,152,984
Total assets	20,102,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	
Pension	107,665
1 Gholon	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 20,260,649
LIABILITIES:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 395,108
Unapplied payments	12,887
Accrued interest payable	4,539
Customer deposits	367,460
Compensated absences	12,185
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	<u>597,155</u>
Total current liabilities	1,389,334
1	1,309,334
Non-current liabilities:	10 711
Compensated absences	48,741
Bonds, notes, and loans payable	308,063
Total non-current liabilities	356,804
Total liabilities	<u>1,746,138</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	
Pension	98,987
NET POSITION.	
NET POSITION:	10.610.001
Net investment in capital assets	12,612,001
Restricted for debt service	567,317
Unrestricted	<u>5,236,206</u>
Total net position	18,415,524
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 20,260,649

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Water and Sewer
REVENUES,	<b>A</b> 5.707.040
Charges for services	\$ 5,767,618
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Personnel services	1,033,907
Contractual services	67,160
Materials and supplies	165,733
Maintenance and repairs	188,914
Insurance	29,745
Utilities Water purchases	59,208 1,411,969
Water purchases Sewer services	1,166,912
Depreciation and amortization	809,807
Bad debts	33,491
	4,966,846
Operating income	800,772
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Interest income	75,632
Miscellaneous income	90,212
Interest expense	(29,950)
Loss on disposal of assets	(95,046)
	40,848
Increase in net position	841,620
Total net position - beginning	17,573,904
Total net position - ending	<u>\$ 18,415,524</u>

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -- PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Water and Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Received from customers	\$ 5,838,173
Payments to employees and fringe benefits	(1,083,418)
Payments for operations	(3,202,246)
Other receipts	9,440
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,561,949
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES,	
Non-operating revenues	90,212
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	90,212
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(387,853)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(575,799)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(33,229)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(996,881)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES,	
Investment income	70,046
Net cash provided by investing activities	70,046
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	725,326
Cash and cash equivalents, Beginning of the year	4,881,969
Cash and cash equivalents, End of the year	\$ 5,607,295
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities,	
Operating income	\$ 800,772
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization expense	809,807
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables, net	29,997
Inventories	20,806
Pension related deferrals and assets	(49,619)
Prepaid items	(167,274)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	65,106
Deferred revenue	34,972
Customer deposits	9,440
Compensated absences	7,942 761 177
Total adjustments	761,177
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,561,949

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# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Notes to the Financial Statements include a summary of the accounting policies followed and information used by the City that are judged to be most appropriate for full disclosure in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the City of Grain Valley, Missouri (the City), have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity: The City of Grain Valley, Missouri, was incorporated in 1945 and is located in Jackson County, Missouri. Grain Valley is a fourth class city and operates under the board of aldermen-administrator form of government and provides services to its residents in many areas, including law enforcement, water and sewer services, community enrichment, and various social services. The City Administrator is the chief administrative officer of the City. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and any component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships). Management has considered all potential component units and has determined there are no entities outside of the primary government that should be blended into or discretely presented with the City's financial statements.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to local governments. With regard to FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, for its proprietary fund activities, the City has elected not to adopt any of those pronouncements. The City has also refrained from implementing FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

<u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>: The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and governmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds include other Special Revenue and Capital Projects funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for non-major funds are presented with Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the following year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments are reported only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued):

Property taxes that are not available for current year operations are shown as deferred revenue. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real and personal property in the City. The City's property tax is levied each September 1 on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. Property taxes are billed in total by November 1 following the levy date and considered delinquent after January 1. On January 1, a lien attaches to all property for which taxes are unpaid.

Franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Charges for sales and services (other than utility) and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the primary operating fund. Expenditures from this fund provide basic City services, such as police protection, planning, inspection, engineering, animal control, civil defense, municipal court, and overall basic services such as finance and data processing, personnel, and general administration of the City.

Revenue sources include taxes, which include property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and cigarette taxes. Other revenues include other fees and licenses, and revenue gathered from the municipal court and investment earnings.

The <u>Park Fund</u> accounts for taxes collected and expended for operations and improvements to the City's parks, community center, and pool.

The <u>Transportation Fund</u> accounts for sales tax collected and other resources to be used for road and bridge projects within the City and operation and maintenance of the City's streets, curbs, etc.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for property taxes collected and expended for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

The Public Health Fund accounts for property taxes levied for health related programs.

The <u>Tourism Fund</u> accounts for the taxes collected from hotels, motels, and campgrounds to be used to finance economic development.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued):

The <u>Old Towne TIF Fund</u> accounts for incremental property and sales taxes to be used to finance improvements in the special district.

The <u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> accounts for sales tax collected to be used for acquiring capital equipment and improving City facilities and infrastructure.

The <u>Grain Valley Marketplace TIF Fund</u> accounts for the activity in the special district approved in 2010, including any amounts due from the developer, future incremental tax revenues, and the issuance of any TIF bonds to finance eligible improvements made in the District.

The <u>2012 IDA TIF Fund</u> accounts for bond proceeds and other financial resources segregated for the construction of capital improvements in economic development.

The <u>2011 G.O.</u> Bond Fund accounts for bond proceeds and other financial resources segregated for the construction of street infrastructure.

The <u>Grain Valley Marketplace TIF Reserve Fund</u> accumulates resources and uncaptured TIF sales tax in the event there is a revenue shortfall. A three year reserve will be accumulated in this fund.

The <u>Grain Valley Marketplace TIF Special Fund</u> accounts for revenue collected within project #2, Grain Valley Marketplace. Funds are transferred to the Trustee.

The <u>Grain Valley Marketplace CID Fund</u> accounts for the amounts due from the developer and future incremental sales tax revenues to service any bonds issued to finance eligible improvements made in the CID district.

The <u>Grain Valley Marketplace CID Sales Tax Fund</u> accumulates the 1% CID sales tax and use tax revenue collected within project #2, Grain Valley Marketplace. Funds are transferred to the Trustee.

The <u>Grain Valley Marketplace TIF Project #3 CID Fund</u> accumulates CID taxes and expenses for the new development activity on the NW corner of the TIF.

The Grain Valley Marketplace TIF Project #3 TIF Fund accumulates the TIF PILOTS and EATS for the new development activity on the NW corner of the TIF.

The <u>Grain Valley Interchange TIF Fund</u> accounts for the expenses for the remaining three projects within the TIF. These areas were renamed the Interchange TIF when the plan was amended to split project 1 into 1A and 1B.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued):

The <u>Grain Valley Marketplace NID Fund</u> accounts for the amounts due from the developer and future special assessment tax revenues to service any bonds issued to finance eligible improvements made in the NID district.

Proprietary fund level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those found in the private-sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. The City reports the following proprietary fund:

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, billing, collection, and related debt service.

On the proprietary fund financial statements, operating revenues are those that flow directly from the operations of the activity, i.e., charges to customers or users who purchase or use the goods or services of that activity. Operating expenses are those that are incurred to provide those goods or services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are items such as investment income and interest expense that are not a result of the direct operations of the activity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Net Position - Government-Wide Statements: Net Position is displayed in three components:

- (1) Net investment in capital assets component of net position: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- (2) Restricted component of net position: Consists of restricted assets, reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets, with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (3) Unrestricted component of net position: Consists of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of "net investment in capital assets" or the "restricted" component of net position.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

#### Net Position - Government-Wide Statements (Continued):

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net assets prior to the use of unrestricted net assets when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

<u>Fund Equity</u>: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Board of Alderman-the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Alderman removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance - This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Alderman and the City Administrator have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

*Unassigned fund balance -* This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

<u>Budgets</u>: The reported budgetary data represents the final approved budget after amendments as adopted by the Board of Alderman. Annual operating budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Proprietary Funds. Missouri law requires budgets to be adopted for all governmental funds. The City prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting for its governmental funds and the accrual basis for its proprietary funds. The Board of Alderman has amended the budget at various times during the year and has performed the following procedures in establishing the City's budget:

- (1) Prior to November 30, the City Administrator submits to the Board of Alderman a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- (4) The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Alderman. This constitutes the City's legal level of budgetary control.
- (5) Appropriations lapse at year-end, but may be reappropriated in the following fiscal year.

<u>Pooled Cash, Investments, and Restricted Assets</u>: State statutes authorize the City to invest in banking institutions and obligations of municipalities, repurchase agreements, U.S. government agency obligations, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Cash resources of the individual governmental fund types are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. At December 31, 2018, the City's cash was deposited in demand accounts, certificates of deposit, and money markets. Investments with maturities of less than one year are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. All investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Interest income on pooled cash and investments is allocated based upon each fund's respective average cash balance.

Certain proceeds of federal grants are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable grant agreements. Assets are also restricted for court bonds, debt service reserve requirements, and refunding customer meter deposits.

<u>Statement of Cash Flows</u>: A statement of cash flows has been presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 9 for the Proprietary Fund. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, demand deposits, and all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>: Accounts receivable for water and sewer services are accounted for in the Water and Sewer Fund and include billed amounts as well as an accrual for the earned but unbilled services from the previous billing date through December 31, 2018. Accounts receivable in the General Fund represents charges for sales and franchise taxes. All accounts receivable are stated net of allowances.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>: Transactions between funds that are representative of cash overdrafts from pooled cash and investing are reported as interfund receivables or payables.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u>: During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and construct assets. Legally authorized transfers are treated as transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

<u>Inventory</u>: Inventory, which consists principally of maintenance supplies, gasoline, and oil, is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), are reported in the applicable government or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed, or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation on all assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

#### Major Assets

Buildings 40 years
Plant, structure, and lines 50-60 years
Infrastructure 50 years
Equipment and vehicles 3-10 years

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources, or expenses/expenditures, until then. The City has several items that qualifies for reporting in this category. Property taxes collected for the future budget period will be recorded as revenue when the revenue recognition process is complete. Debt refunding will be expensed as the debt matures. Pension costs will be recognized with changes in the actuarial valuation and net pension liability.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Accumulated vacation and sick leave, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

<u>Unearned Revenues</u>: Governmental funds report unearned revenue when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized. Proprietary funds report unearned revenues when resources are received by the City before services are provided. In subsequent periods after services have been provided revenue is recognized.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>: Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of the formal budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end, if any, are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. When expenditures are incurred in subsequent years relating to amounts previously encumbered, such amounts are, if material, reappropriated in the year expended.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

<u>Total Columns on Combined Statements</u>: Total columns on the combined statements are captioned "Total (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

At December 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit in financial institutions was \$900, \$12,654,938, and \$2,590,864, respectively. The bank balances of demand deposits were not fully insured with a combination of FDIC insurance and pledged collateral held in the name of the City. The unsecured balance at December 31, 2018 was \$1,098,758. All deposits were held by a qualified depository.

At December 31, 2018, the City's investments consisted of the following:

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Investment Rating
Money Market	\$1,108,045	\$1,108,045	NA

#### **Interest Rate Risk:**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a formal policy for interest rate risk. However, the City does manage its exposure to fair value loss arising from interest rate changes on internally invested funds by reviewing the portfolio on an ongoing basis for changes in effective yield amounts. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued):

#### **Custodial Credit Risk:**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk of investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy is to collateralize demand deposits with securities held by the financial institution's agent and in the City's name.

At December 31, 2018, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment maturities (in years)			
		Less			
	Value	than one	1-5	> 5	
Investment type,					
Money Market	\$ 1,108,045	<u>\$1,108,045</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	

#### Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit risk is measured using credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer.

Missouri State Statutes authorize the City, with certain restrictions, to deposit funds in open accounts, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Statutes also require that collateral pledged have a fair market value equal to 100% of the funds on deposit, less insured amounts. Collateral securities must be held by the City or a disinterested third party and must be of the kind prescribed by statutes and approved by the State. The City may purchase any investments allowed by the State Treasurer. These include (a) obligations of the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof maturing and becoming payable not more than three years from the date of purchase, or (b) repurchase agreements maturing and becoming payable within 90 days secured by U.S. Treasury obligations or obligations of U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities of any maturity, as provided by law.

The City's general credit risk policy is to apply to prudent person rule: Investments shall be made with the exercise of that judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which individuals of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probability safety of their capital, as well as the probable income to be derived.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued):

At December 31, 2018, the carrying value of deposits and investments are summarized as follows:

Investments, Money Market	\$ 1,108,045
Certificates of deposit Cash on hand	2,590,864 900
Deposits	 12,663,958 15,255,722
Total	\$ 16,363,767

Deposits and investments of the City are reflected in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

Government-wide statement of net assets:

Pooled cash and investments	\$ 14,362,038
Restricted cash	2,001,729

Total <u>\$ 16,363,767</u>

#### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:

As a result of providing water and sanitation services to its citizens, the City has extended credit to them. Accounts receivable are presented net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$96,997 for the Water & Sewer fund.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/2018	Additions	Retirements	12/31/2018
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,504,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,504,660
Construction in progress	1,206,848		71,497	1,135,351
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,711,508		71,497	4,640,011
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	5,524,189	188,634	-	5,712,823
Infrastructure	25,029,849	369,761	-	25,399,610
Furniture and equipment	1,466,969	75,787	28,355	1,514,401
Land improvments	2,180,071	187,810	-	2,367,881
Vehicles	931,750	77,873	26,400	983,223
Total capital assets being depreciated	35,132,828	899,865	54,755	35,977,938
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	2,230,644	151,826	-	2,382,470
Infrastructure	7,339,256	937,484	-	8,276,740
Furniture and equipment	1,074,401	118,742	25,141	1,168,002
Land improvments	1,040,507	99,323	-	1,139,830
Vehicles	676,692	103,261	26,400	753,553
Total accumulated depreciation	12,361,500	1,410,636	51,541	13,720,595
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,771,328	(510,771)	3,214	22,257,343
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$27,482,836	<u>\$(510,771)</u>	\$ 74,711	\$26,897,354

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, consisted of the following (Continued):

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/2018	Additions	Retirements	12/31/2018
Business-type activities:	_			
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 534,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 534,225
Construction in progress	129,423	<del>_</del>	37,240	92,183
Total capital assets not being depreciated	663,648		37,240	626,408
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	181,843	125,756	-	307,599
Distribution system	20,881,123	122,343	141,032	20,862,434
Furniture and equipment	503,330	131,362	40,000	594,692
Land improvments	54,168	-	-	54,168
Vehicles	490,981	43,825		534,806
Total capital assets being depreciated	22,111,445	423,286	181,032	22,353,699
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	81,419	5,991	-	87,410
Distribution system	8,728,199	611,722	69,514	9,270,407
Furniture and equipment	280,631	56,507	27,143	309,995
Land improvments	42,186	2,579	-	44,765
Vehicles	371,269	58,791		430,060
Total accumulated depreciation	9,503,704	735,590	96,657	10,142,637
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,607,741	(312,304)	84,375	12,211,062
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$13,271,389	<u>\$(312,304)</u>	<u>\$ 121,615</u>	\$12,837,470

Depreciation expense was charged to the function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental	activities:
--------------	-------------

General government	\$	91,648
Economic development		1,314
Public safety		82,086
Planning		148,619
Streets and highways		865,281
Parks and recreation		221,688
Total depreciation expense, governmental	_1	1,410,636
Business-type activities,		
Water and sewer	\$	735,590

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PENSION PLAN:

<u>Plan description</u>: The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

<u>Benefits provided</u>: LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

2018 Valuation

Benefit Multiplier: 1.5%
Final Average Salary: 5 years
Member Contributions: 0%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index acorrectednd is limited to 4% per year.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u>: At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	19
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	42
Active employees	53
	114

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued):

<u>Contributions</u>: The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 7.8% General and 10% Police of annual covered payroll.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>: The employer's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2018.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability in the February 28, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25% wage inflation 2.5% price inflation Salary Increase 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Mortality rates were based on the PR-2014 mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through February 28, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	48.00%	4.81%
Fixed Income	28.50%	1.72%
Real Assets	23.5%	3.42%

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued):

<u>Discount rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/2017	\$ 5,496,596	\$ 5,823,544	\$ (326,948)
Changes for the year:	-		
Service Cost	227,473		227,473
Interest	402,605		402,605
Difference between expected and actual experience	20,627		20,627
Change in assumptions	-		-
Contributions - employer		229,051	(229,051)
Contributions - employee		-	-
Net investment income		718,706	(718,706)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(112,298)	(112,298)	-
Administrative expense		(7,941)	7,941
Other changes		26,880	(26,880)
Net changes	538,407	854,398	(315,991)
Balances at 6/30/2018	\$ 6,035,003	\$ 6,677,942	\$ (642,939)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower 6.25% or one percentage point higher 8.25% than the current rate.

	Current Single Discount			
	1% Decrease Rate Assumption		1% Increase	
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
Total Pension Liability (TPL)	\$7,236,661	\$ 6,035,003	\$ 5,084,410	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	6,677,942	6,677,942	6,677,942	
Net Position Liability/(Asset) (NPL)	\$ 558,719	\$ (642,939)	\$ (1,593,532)	

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 5. PENSION PLAN (Continued):

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2018 the employer recognized pension expense of \$233,614. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows				Net			
of Resources				of Resources			D	eferred	
Gov	ernmental	Bus	iness-type	Gov	<u>rernmental</u>	Bus	iness-type		
\$	127,230	\$	34,046	\$	(189,158)	\$	(54,647)	\$	(82,529)
	77,950		25,459		-		-		103,409
					(143,176)		(44,340)		(187,516)
	63,841		48,160		-		-		112,001
\$	269,021	\$	107,665	\$	(332,334)	\$	(98,987)	\$	(54,635)
	\$	of Res Governmental \$ 127,230 77,950 63,841	of Resource           Governmental         Bus           \$ 127,230         \$ 77,950           63,841         \$ 63,841	of Resources           Governmental         Business-type           \$ 127,230         \$ 34,046           77,950         25,459           63,841         48,160	of Resources           Governmental         Business-type         Governmental           \$ 127,230         \$ 34,046         \$ 77,950           \$ 25,459         \$ 63,841         48,160	of Resources         of Resources           Governmental         Business-type         Governmental           \$ 127,230         \$ 34,046         \$ (189,158)           77,950         25,459         - (143,176)           63,841         48,160         -	of Resources         of Resources           Governmental         Business-type         Governmental         Business-type           \$ 127,230         \$ 34,046         \$ (189,158)         \$ 77,950           \$ 25,459         - (143,176)         - (143,176)	of Resources           Governmental         Business-type         Governmental         Business-type           \$ 127,230         \$ 34,046         \$ (189,158)         \$ (54,647)           77,950         25,459         -         -           (143,176)         (44,340)         -         -	of Resources         of Resources         D           Governmental         Business-type         Governmental         Business-type           \$ 127,230         \$ 34,046         \$ (189,158)         \$ (54,647)         \$ 77,950         \$ (143,176)

<sup>\*</sup>The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending December 31, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net I	Deferred Outflows
Year Ending		of Resources
2019	\$	21,342
2020		(28,485)
2021		(101,394)
2022		(57,139)
2023		(960)
Thereafter		<u>-</u>
	\$	(166,636)

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions due to the pension plan.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT:

Changes in long-term debt of the City for the year ended December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

		Governmental A	Activities		
	Balance January 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2018	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Bond premium (discount) Certificates of participation NID Notes TIF Bonds Note Payable	\$ 11,299,676 (3,051) 865,000 3,035,000 2,470,000 82,202	\$ 3,380,000 212,662 - - -	\$ 4,850,000 91,116 205,000 125,000 90,000 40,799	\$ 9,829,676 118,495 660,000 2,910,000 2,380,000 41,403	\$ 1,530,000 76,190 230,000 125,000 90,000 41,403
	17,748,827	3,592,662	5,401,915	15,939,574	2,092,593
Other liabilities, Compensated absences *	186,472	42,952	37,294	192,130	38,426
	<u>\$ 17,935,299</u>	\$ 3,635,614	\$ 5,439,209	<u>\$ 16,131,704</u>	\$ 2,131,019
* Primarily liquidated by the	General Fund				
		Business-Type	Activities		
	Balance January 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2018	Amounts Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds Bond premium (discount) Note Payable	\$ 1,380,000 29,567 82,202	\$ - - -	\$ 535,000 10,752 40,799	\$ 845,000 18,815 41,403	\$ 545,000 10,752 41,403
	1,491,769	<del>_</del>	586,551	905,218	597,155
Other liabilities, Compensated absences	52,984	18,540	10,598	60,926	12,185
арзеноез		-			
	\$ 1,544,753	\$ 18,540	\$ 597,149	\$ 966,144	\$ 609,340

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the vesting method, which leaves amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Total City debt at December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

#### Gov

vernmental funds: \$3,380,000, Series 2018A, general obligation refunding bonds, issued for	
the refunding of Series 2008A general obligation bonds, due in annual installments of \$285,000 to \$395,000 through March 1, 2028, interest at 3% to 4%	\$ 3,380,000
\$5,234,676, Series 2011, general obligation bonds, issued for construction of street infrastructure, due in annual installments of \$592,468 to \$305,118, through March 1, 2031, interest at 3.2% to 4.9%	5,234,676
\$5,850,000, Series 2013 general obligation refunding bonds, issued for the refunding of Series 2005 general obligation bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,085,000 to \$1,215,000, through March 1, 2019, interest at 2%	1,215,000
Total general obligation bonds	9,829,676
\$2,335,000, Series 2006, certificate of participation, issued for construction and improvement to the Community Center, due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$430,000, through September 1, 2020, interest at 4.25% to 5%	660,000
\$3,035,000, Series 2016, neighborhood improvement district note, due in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$210,000 through March 1, 2036 interest at 2% to 3.15%	2,910,000
\$325,000, 2015 Loan, issued for the purchase of land, the cost of which is split between General fund and Water/Sewer fund at 50%, due in annual installments of \$84,064, through July 1, 2019, interest at 1.5%	41,403
\$2,830,000, Series 2012, tax increment revenue bonds, due in annual installments of \$115,000 to \$465,000, through September 1, 2033, interest at 2% to 4.375%	2,380,000
Governmental bond premium	118,495
Total governmental funds	\$ 15,939,574

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

#### Proprietary fund:

\$3,855,000, Series 2013, Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$300,000 to \$545,000, through October 1, 2020, interest at 2%	\$ 845,000
\$325,000, 2015 Loan, issued for the purchase of land, the cost of which is split between General fund and Water/Sewer fund at 50%, due in annual installments of \$84,064, through July 1, 2019, interest at 1.5%	41,403
Proprietary bond premium	18,815
Total proprietary fund	\$ 905,218

Tax Incentive Revenue Bonds and Development Agreements:

The City's Tax Incentive Revenue Bonds are recorded as a liability of the City to match revenue streams to the related debt for which they have been pledged. The City and other taxing districts and governmental entities have pledged a portion of future property tax and sales tax revenues to repay the \$2.83 million in Series 2012 Revenue Bonds issued to finance redevelopment projects within the Grain Valley Marketplace Tax Increment Financing (TIF) project. The bonds are payable solely from the incremental increase in property taxes and sales taxes generated within the TIF plan as well as revenues pledged by other taxing districts through cooperative agreements. TIF revenues and other pledged revenues were projected to produce sufficient funds to meet debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Should these revenues not be sufficient to meet the required debt service obligations, the City, subject to annual appropriation, is obligated to make such debt service payments from other sources of its revenues. However, the City intends to annually appropriate funds sufficient to make all payments required by the bonds for the next fiscal year. Management does not anticipate that any of the City's funds will be required to make up any deficiency in bond payments during the next fiscal year.

Additionally, the City has entered into certain developer agreements whereby developer financed project costs that have been certified by the City as eligible are reimbursed from tax increment financing revenues attributable to the project. Under tax increment financing plans, the developer may be reimbursed up to the certified cost amount from incremental taxes during a period not to exceed 23 years. TIF revenues were projected to produce sufficient funds to reimburse the developer for certified costs. The developer obligations are limited solely to the amount of incremental taxes received attributable to each respective project; any deficiencies are the sole responsibility of the developer and do not constitute an obligation of the Commission or of the City.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 6. LONG TERM DEBT (Continued):

At December 31, 2018, total principal and interest remaining on the IDA TIF Bonds was \$2.38 million and \$992 thousand, respectively. The bonds are scheduled to mature at varying amounts through 2033 and the developer obligations are payable to the extent incremental taxes are available for a period not to exceed 23 years.

Aggregate annual principal and interest payments applicable to long-term debt are:

Years ending December 31,		Principal		nterest		NID Note
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	125,000 130,000 130,000 135,000	\$	90,263 87,616 84,691 81,443	\$	215,263 217,616 214,691 216,443
2023 2024-2028		140,000 755,000		77,796 322,985		217,796 1,077,985
2029-2033 2034-2036		885,000 610,000		190,214 33,712		1,075,214 643,712
	<u>\$</u>	2,910,000	\$	968,720	<u>\$</u>	3,878,720
Years ending December 31,		Principal	!	Interest	<u>ID</u> A	ATIF Bonds
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024-2028 2029-2033	\$	90,000 100,000 100,000 110,000 120,000 690,000 1,170,000	\$	99,238 96,088 92,588 89,088 85,238 348,794 181,344	\$	189,238 196,088 192,588 199,088 205,238 1,038,794 1,351,344
	<u>\$</u>	2,380,000	<u>\$</u>	992,378	\$	3,372,378
Years ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Revenue Bonds
2019 2020	\$	545,000 300,000	\$	16,900 6,000	\$	561,900 306,000
	\$	845,000	\$	22,900	<u>\$</u>	867,900

## CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MISSOURI NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

Years ending December 31	Principal	Interest	General Obligation Bonds Payable
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024-2028 2029-2031	\$ 1,530,000 877,469 866,166 847,123 826,278 3,914,764 967,876	\$ 151,001 286,681 301,284 328,027 341,072 1,943,561 1,352,122	\$ 1,681,001 1,164,150 1,167,450 1,175,150 1,167,350 5,858,325 2,319,998
	\$ 9,829,676	\$ 4,703,748	\$ 14,533,424
Years ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Certificates of Participation
2019 2020	\$ 230,000 430,000	\$ 33,000 21,500	\$ 263,000 451,500
	\$ 660,000	\$ 54,500	\$ 714,500
Years ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Note Payable *
2019	\$ 82,806	<u>\$ 1,256</u>	\$ 84,062

<sup>\*</sup> Note payable is split between Governmental and Business-Type Activities

#### Bond Reserve Accounts:

Under the Series 2013 Combined Waterworks/Sewerage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, the City is required to deposit monies into a debt service account sufficient to meet maturity dates of principal and interest. Further, after providing funds for current operations and principal and interest, excess funds will be deposited at a rate of \$1,000 monthly into a depreciation and replacement account until a balance of \$100,000 is reached. In addition, the City will make a deposit in the reserve account of \$140,475.

At December 31, 2018, the City was in compliance with these requirements.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

Rates and fees established and charged were sufficient to satisfy bond covenant responsibilities for the water and sewer fund for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The Missouri State Constitution permits a city, by a vote of either two-thirds or four-sevenths of the voting electorate, depending on the date of the election, to incur general obligation indebtedness for "city purposes" not to exceed 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property and to incur additional general obligation indebtedness not to exceed, in the aggregate, an additional 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property, for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending and improving streets and avenues, and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems, and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric, or other light plants, provided the total general obligation indebtedness does not exceed 20% of the assessed valuation of taxable property.

At December 31, 2018, the City's general obligation debt limit was \$40,880,756 and the legal debt margin was \$32,487,932.

#### Advanced Refunding:

In April 2013, the City issued Series 2013 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds of \$3,855,000 to advance refund \$4,040,000 of outstanding Series 2001 Combined Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments by \$559,024 which resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$515,000.

In December 2013, the City issued Series 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$5,850,000 to advance refund \$6,210,000 of outstanding Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments by \$841,425 which resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$569,000.

In June 2018, the City issued Series 2018A General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$3,380,000 to advance refund \$3,522,813 of outstanding Series 2008A General Obligation Bonds. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments by \$282,614 which resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$260,000.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 7. RESTRICTED CASH:

Restricted cash and investments at December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Account	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Water & Sewer Fund	Total
Police	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100
Muncipal court	20,250	-	-	20,250
Customer deposits	-	-	367,460	367,460
Health plan and flex benefits	6,408	2,417	3,382	12,207
Tax deposits	-	458,177	_	458,177
Reserve for debt service		649,867	493,668	1,143,535
	\$26,758	\$ 1,110,461	\$864,510	\$2,001,729

#### 8. LEGAL MATTERS:

There are a number of claims or lawsuits to which the City is, or may be, a party as a result of certain law enforcement activities, injuries and various other matters and complaints arising in the ordinary course of activities. The City's management and legal counsel believe that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance, if any, resulting from such matters, would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

#### 9. TAX REVENUES:

The tax revenue, including interest and penalties collected thereon, for the year ended December 31, 2018, is as follows:

Туре		General Fund	 Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund
Property	\$	1,067,252	\$ 770,344	\$	1,925,342
Railroad		22,094	6,825		39,888
Franchise		1,134,626	-		-
Cigarette		-	26,402		-
City sales		893,361	1,231,673		-
Park sales		-	428,159		-
Transportation sales		-	428,159		-
Other	_	13,748	 227,916	_	24,746
	\$	3,131,081	\$ 3,119,478	<u>\$</u>	1,989,976

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 9. TAX REVENUES (Continued):

The assessed valuation of the tangible property for the purpose of local taxation as of September 15, 2017, was as follows:

Real estate	\$ 159,451,115
Personal property	33,057,576
TIF	 4,000,393
	\$ 196,509,084

The tax levy per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible real and personal property for the calendar year 2018 was as follows:

294
)25
189
226
554

Property taxes may attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied no later than November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied by November 1 become delinquent January 1 of the following year.

#### 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS:

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2018, were as follows:

	Re	ceivable	<u> P</u>	ayable
General Fund Special Revenue Funds,	\$	3,456	\$	-
Marketplace NID				3,456
	<u>\$</u>	3,456	\$	3,456

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued):

Transfers during the year ended December 31, 2018, were as follows:

		nsfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	_	\$	172,500	
Special Revenue Funds:					
Park	3	40,000		-	
Transportation		-		25,000	
Public Health		-		40,000	
Tourism		7,500		-	
Capital Improvement		-		250,000	
Interchange TIF				85,132	
Marketplace CID Sales		-		23,140	
2012 TIF IDA	2	36,742		-	
Marketplace TIF		85,132		-	
Marketplace TIF Special		-		325,397	
Marketplace TIF Reserve	2	251,795			
	\$ 9	21,169	\$	921,169	

In general, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects the money to the fund that expends the money, (2) move receipts restricted or earmarked for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in a fund to provide operating advances to other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 11. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE:

Intergovernmental revenue during the year ended December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

		Other		
	General	Governmental		
	Fund	Funds		
Federal,				
Department of Transportation,				
Highway Planning and Construction	\$ -	\$ 136,294		
State:				
Department of Public Safety,				
Police Grants	126,922	-		
Department of Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Sales Tax	-	114,161		
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax	-	345,038		
Motor Vehicle Fees	-	59,353		
County,				
Old Towne TIF	-	34,682		
Local,				
School District	116,236			
	\$243,158	\$ 689,528		

#### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers' compensation, and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and no significant losses in the past three fiscal years.

#### 13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN:

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional.

Employees may contribute up to 25% of their annual base salary to a maximum limit of \$17,500 per year. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. Investments are managed by the plan's trustee, and the choice of the investment option(s) is made by the participants.

The City does not make a contribution for either full-time or part-time employees participating in the plan

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 14. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

For the year ended December 31, 2018, in violation of Missouri state statutes and the City's budgetary process, the City had actual expenditures in excess of budget in the following funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

Marketplace TIF	\$ 8,615
2011 General Obligation	 126,093
	\$ 134,708

For the year ended December 31, 2018, in violation of Missouri state statutes and the City's budgetary process, the City had budgeted a deficit without adequate fund balance in the following funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

2011 General Obligation	\$ 1,265
Marketplace TIF	 796
	\$ 2,061

For the year ended December 31, 2018, in violation of Missouri state statutes and the City's budgetary process, the City had a fund balance deficit in the following funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

2011 General Obligation \$ 1,265

Marketplace NID \$ 1,908

The City intends to reimburse the General Fund from future TIF revenues from the project.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 15. COMMITMENTS:

In 2009, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Blue Springs, Missouri, for sewer services. The City agreed to finance a portion of the Sni-A-Bar Wastewater Treatment Plant improvements. After the expansion is complete the City will own 47.5% of the capacity within the expanded portion, and will be obligated for 47.5% of the debt service associated with the improvements. The City's portion of the total debt service of the plant expansion is approximately \$11.2 million. The City has budgeted for the debt service payments and will continue until the bonds are paid off in 2031.

In 2009, the City entered into an agreement with the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission for the improvement of various roads within the City. The cost of the project is approximately \$3,500,000, and is to be funded by the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission. If the project expenses are in excess of the cost estimates the City would be obligated to fund the rest. At this time the City does not anticipate the projects will cost more than the original estimates.

In 2010, the City entered into an agreement with a developer to redevelop portions of the City. The City agreed to issue Tax Increment Financing (TIF) bonds to reimburse the developer for eligible site development costs. The City has committed to issuing up to an additional \$3,500,000 in TIF bonds to reimburse the developer for eligible construction costs. The total costs of the projects are estimated at approximately \$25,000,000.

#### 16. WATER AND SEWER SERVICE CONTRACTS:

On April 15, 1992, the City entered into a contract with the City of Independence to purchase water through the year 2012. The contract was renewed in 2013 to supply water through the year 2033. The contract provided the City the right to an increased water supply at a cost of \$708,840, representing a share of plant expansion costs. This cost has been capitalized as a deferred charge and is amortized over the estimated useful life of the expansion.

On October 15, 2004, the City entered into a contract with Tri-County Water Authority (Tri-County) which requires the City to purchase a minimum of 50,000 gallons of water per day through October 18, 2024. As part of this agreement, the City is also billed by Tri-County for the pro-rata portion of the debt service it incurred to construct the water tower and lines required to provide the necessary water capacity. It is the City's understanding that the pro-rata debt service billings are based on the total amount of bonds that were issued to finance other Tri-County projects. As a result, an adjustment is expected to be made by Tri-County to future debt service charges to reflect the City's actual pro-rata portion of the total project costs.

The City has contracted with the City of Blue Springs to provide sewerage disposal service through the year 2026 and share the costs of expanding the sewer treatment plant. The City's \$2,550,974 has been capitalized as a deferred charge and is being amortized over the estimated useful life of the expansion. This agreement may be amended or terminated at any time upon mutual agreement of the two cities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

Water and sewer services are primarily financed by user charges and are accounted for in a combined enterprise fund. The City's estimate of the segmented financial data as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, for these funds are as follows:

		Water	Sewer	Total
Operating revenues	\$	2,658,195	\$ 3,109,423	\$5,767,618
Operating expenses	φ	2,770,867	2,193,399	4,964,266
Depreciation and amortization		477,822	247,016	724,838
Operating income (loss)		(112,672)	916,024	803,352
Net income (loss)		(92,248)	936,448	844,200
Property, plant, and		(02,210)	000,110	011,200
equipment additions		423,286	-	423,286
Working capital		3,021,859	2,224,572	5,246,431
Total fixed assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation		8,679,143	4,838,076	13,517,219
Revenue bonds		533,250	311,750	845,000

#### 18. NET POSITION:

Net position is comprised of three categories: Net investment in capital assets; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The first category reflects the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets, less the outstanding debt (net) related to these capital assets. The related debt (net) is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized costs. Restricted net assets are restricted assets, (usually cash) that must be spent for specific purposes. Net assets, which are neither restricted nor related to capital assets, are reported as unrestricted net assets.

The City issued debt to finance the construction of infrastructure.

\$ 26,897,354
(15,939,574)
2,910,000
2,380,000
5,290,000
404.046
494,816
1,548
\$ 16,744,144

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 19. PLEDGED REVENUES:

The City has pledged future water and sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay debt issues totaling \$3,855,000. The Series 2013 Refunding Bonds were issued in the amount of \$3,855,000. Proceeds from the bonds were used to Refund the Series 2001 bonds which funded the infrastructure for the water and sewer system. The bonds are payable from the water and sewer fund net revenues and are payable through 2020. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds are \$845,000 and \$22,900, respectively. Principal and interest paid for the current year are \$535,000 and \$27,600, respectively.

In 2012, the City also pledged sewer revenues to the City of Blue Springs, Missouri, to pay for the debt service of the Sni-A-Bar wastewater treatment plant improvements. The City of Grain Valley's portion of the City of Blue Springs debt service payments and administrative fees are approximately \$900,000 each year until 2031.

#### 20. STABILIZATION AGREEMENT:

The City has adopted a stabilization agreement which sets aside 25% of budgeted General Fund expenditures of the prior fiscal year. The 25% stabilization is divided into two reserve categories, the Emergency Reserve and the Budget Stabilization Reserve. If the reserves are spent below the required levels, the City must develop and implement a plan to replenish those reserves. The progress of the replenishments shall be reported in the City's annual budget and quarterly financial reports.

#### 21. TAX ABATEMENTS:

The City of Grain Valley entered into a property tax abatement agreement with a local business under Article VI, Sections 27 and 27(b), Missouri Constitution; Sections 100.10 to 100.200 RSMo. Industrial development bonds may be issued to finance the land, buildings, fixtures, and machinery for warehouses, distribution facilities, research and development facilities, office industries, service industries engaged in interstate commerce, industrial plants, and certain types of commercial development. Retail and service industries in intrastate commerce are not eligible. Under this agreement the assets of the project have to be held by the City.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City abated property taxes totaling \$31,670 under this program. A 100% property tax abatement to a business for renovation of existing space and construction of approximately 41,000 square feet of new space.

#### 22. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The City has evaluated subsequent events through May 22, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

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### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 4 Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ending June 30,		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	227,473	\$	228,868	\$	224,490	\$	221,758
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		402,605		369,383		326,312		299,434
Benefit Changes		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		20,627		(32,086)		(62,639)		(86,293)
Assumption Changes		-		-		187,721		-
Benefit Payments		(112,298)		(102,362)		(66,157)		(64,886)
Refunds		-		-		-		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		538,407		463,803		609,727		370,013
Total Pension Liability beginning		5,496,596		5,032,793		4,423,066		4,053,053
Total Pension Liability ending	\$	6,035,003	\$	5,496,596	\$	5,032,793	\$	4,423,066
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_		_		_			
Contributions-employer	\$	229,051	\$	215,918	\$	230,740	\$	253,622
Contributions-employee				-		-		-
Pension Plan Net Investment income		718,706		621,049		790		90,757
Benefit Payments		(112,298)		(102,362)		(66,157)		(64,886)
Refunds		(7.044)		(7.074)		(7.454)		(0.000)
Pension Plan Administrative expense		(7,941)		(7,671)		(7,154)		(8,203)
Other		26,880		13,000		(12,258)		131,679
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		854,398		739,934		145,961		402,969
Plan Fiduciary Net Position beginning	\$	5,823,544	\$	5,083,610	φ	4,937,649	\$	4,534,680
Plan Fiduciary Net Position ending	Ф	6,677,942	Ф	5,823,544	\$	5,083,610	Ф	4,937,649
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(642,939)	\$	(326,948)	\$	(50,817)	\$	(514,583)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		110.65%		105.95%		101.01%		111.63%
Covered Employee Payroll Employer's Net Pension Liability as a percentage		\$2,591,148		\$2,538,666		\$2,595,811		\$2,583,131
of covered employee payroll		-24.81%		-12.88%		-1.96%		-19.92%

#### Notes to schedule:

Only the last 4 years are being shown, as other years come available they will be included until 10 years of data is shown.

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

2009	\$238,460	238,460	1	\$2,533,100	9.41%
2010	\$223,579	223,579	\$ -	\$2,172,401	10.29%
2011	\$221,440	221,440	\$ -	\$2,200,189	10.06%
2012	\$230,215	230,215	\$ -	\$2,325,626	%6.6
2013	\$243,134	243,134	\$ -	\$2,486,268	9.78%
2014	\$264,749	264,749	\$	\$2,691,986	9.83%
2015	\$243,943	243,943	\$ -	\$2,665,516	9.15%
2016	\$212,068	212,068	\$	\$2,586,197	8.20%
2017	\$230,845	225,831	5,014 \$	\$2,612,097	8.65%
2018	\$224,951	224,951	\$ -	\$2,611,415	8.61%
	Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered-employee payroll	covered-employee payroll

2/28/2018 Valuation date

Notes

The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2018 to June 30, 2018 reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments.

# Methods and assumption used to determine contribution rates:

A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. Entry age normal and modified terminal funding Actuarial cost method Amortization method

5 year smoothed market; 20% corridor 15 years Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method

3.25% wage inflation; 2.5% price inflation

3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation 7.25%, net of investment expenses

Investment rate of return

Salary increases

Retirement age Mortality

Experience-based table of rate that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted for improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was established to be 2

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

None Other information

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		(**** <b>3</b> ********************************
REVENUES: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fees and fines Investment earnings Other	\$ 3,075,000 282,688 - 404,205 14,000 9,800	\$ 3,075,000 282,688 404,205 19,000 9,800 3,790,693	\$ 3,131,081 243,158 2,500 405,498 45,759 12,946	\$ 56,081 (39,530) 2,500 1,293 26,759 3,146
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	932,285	918,288	790,548	127,740
Municipal court	131,565	131,565	112,559	19,006
Public safety	2,197,094	2,193,095	2,150,455	42,640
Planning and engineering	224,200	224,201	209,843	14,358
Capital outlay	166,159	320,509	308,472	12,037
Debt service:				
Principal	42,500	42,500	40,799	1,701
Interest and other charges	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	1,233	(1,233)
	3,693,803	3,830,158	3,613,909	216,249
Revenues over (under) expenditures	91,890	(39,465)	227,033	266,498
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale capital assets	6,000	6,000	10,325	4,325
Transfers in	· -	85,000	-	(85,000)
Transfers out	(82,500)	(172,500)	(172,500)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(76,500)	(81,500)	(162,175)	(80,675)
Net change in fund balances	15,390	(120,965)	64,858	185,823
Fund balances - beginning	2,898,104	2,898,104	2,898,104	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,913,494	\$ 2,777,139	\$ 2,962,962	\$ 185,823

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --PARK FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES: Taxes Charges for services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 678,500 306,470 3,500 760	\$ 678,500 299,720 3,500 760	\$ 703,911 294,928 23,538 449	\$ 25,411 (4,792) 20,038 (311)
	989,230	982,480	1,022,826	40,346
EXPENDITURES: Current, Parks and recreation	915,127	900,837	860,394	40.443
Capital outlay Debt service:	121,576	136,656	69,395	67,261
Principal Interest and other charges	205,000 45,000	205,000 45,000	205,000 44,991	9
	1,286,703	1,287,493	1,179,780	107,713
Revenues under expenditures	(297,473)	(305,013)	(156,954)	148,059
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, Transfers in	340.000	340,000	340,000	
Net change in fund balances	42,527	34,987	183,046	148,059
Fund balances - beginning	937,455	937,455	937,455	<del>-</del>
Fund balances - ending	\$ 979,982	\$ 972,442	\$ 1,120,501	\$ 148,059

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --TRANSPORTATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES: Taxes Intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 420,000 510,000 1,000 74,742	\$ 420,000 510,000 1,000 74,742 1,005,742	\$ 428,159 518,552 23,916 118,937	\$ 8,159 8,552 22,916 44,195 83,822
	<u> </u>	.,,000,	.,,000,001	00,022
EXPENDITURES:				
Current, Street	579,767	583,066	479,506	103,560
Capital outlay	350,040	346,740	216,899	129,841
	929,807	929,806	696,405	233,401
Revenues over expenditures	75,935	75,936	393,159	317,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale capital assets	1,500	1,500	-	(1,500)
Transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(23,500)	(23,500)	(25,000)	(1,500)
Net change in fund balances	52,435	52,436	368,159	315,723
Fund balances - beginning	1,089,491	1,089,491	1,089,491	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,141,926	\$ 1,141,927	\$ 1,457,650	\$ 315,723

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#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET --NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Dub	olic Health	,	Tourism	Old	Towne TIF	lmr	Capital provements	20	12 IDA TIF	2011 GO Bor	nd	Mai	rketplace TIF
ASSETS:		one meanin		ourisiii	Olu	TOWING TH		novements		IZ IDA III	2011 00 801	<u></u>	-	
Cash and investments	\$	99,665	\$	33,374	\$	15,374	\$	453,542	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,965
Cash and investments-restricted		-		-		-		-		308,856		-		-
Taxes receivable, net								71,131						
Total assets	\$	99,665	\$	33,374	\$	15,374	\$	524,673	\$	308,856	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	16,965
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:														
Accounts payable	\$	1,611	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	9,290	\$	-	\$	796
Customer deposits		-		-		-		-		-		-		16,965
Due to other funds								<u>-</u>				_		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		1,611		-		-		-		9,290		-		17,761
						,								
Deferred inflows or resources,														
Advances of tax revenues		56,838						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		=		<u>-</u>
Fund balances:														
Restricted:														
Public health		41,216		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		33,374		-		-		299,566		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		15,374		524,673		-		-		-
Committed for,														
Bond payments		-		-		-		-		-		-		(706)
Unassigned		<del></del>										-		(796)
Total fund balances (deficit)		41,216		33,374		15,374	_	524,673		299,566		<u>-</u>		(796)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	99,665	\$	33,374	\$	15,374	\$	524,673	\$	308,856	\$	_	\$	16,965

arketplace Reserve		arketplace F Special	ketplace	etplace ID		rketplace ID Sales		rketplace Project #3 TIF	Inte	rchange TIF	TIF P	ketplace roject #3 CID	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$ 594,345 - <u>-</u>	\$	35,104 288,566 -	\$ 1,548 - -	\$ - - -	\$	6,676 274,656	\$	4,036 - -	\$	352,587 - -	\$	158 - -	\$	1,613,374 872,078 71,131
\$ 594,34 <u>5</u>	\$	323,670	\$ 1,548	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	281,332	\$	4,036	\$	352,587	\$	158	\$	2,556,583
\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - 3,456	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - 	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	11,697 16,965 3,456
 <u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	 3,456	 <del>-</del>	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		32,118
 			 <u>-</u>	 		=				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		56,838
- - -		- - 323,670	- - -	- - -		- - 281,332		- - 4,036		- - 352,587		- - 158		41,216 332,940 1,501,830
 594,345 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 (1,908)	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		594,345 (2,704)
 594,345		323,670	 (1,908)	 		281,332		4,036		352,587		158		2,467,627
\$ 594,345	\$	323,670	\$ 1,548	\$ 	\$	281,332	\$	4,036	\$	352,587	\$	158	\$	2,556,583

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -- NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Pul	blic Health	To	urism Tax	Old	Towne TIF	Capital rovements	20	12 IDA TIF	201	1 GO Bond	Ma	rketplace TIF
REVENUES:													
Taxes	\$	97,213	\$	36,882	\$	306,459	\$ 428,159	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		34,682	-		-		136,294		-
Investment earnings		947		-		-	-		3,603		2,190		-
Miscellaneous				<u>-</u>			 						3,035
Total revenues		98,160		36,882		341,141	 428,159		3,603		138,484		3,035
EXPENDITURES:													
Current:													
Economic development		-		46,290		345,919	-		-		-		23,615
Public health		45,115		-		-	-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		63,369		-		-	140,964		-		323,303		-
Debt service:													
Principal		-		-		-	-		90,000		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_				 <u>-</u>		109,123	_	<del></del>		
Total expenditures		108,484		46,290		345,919	 140,964		199,123		323,303		23,615
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(10,324)		(9,408)		(4,778)	287,195		(195,520)		(184,819)		(20,580)
expenditures		(10,324)		(9,400)		(4,770)	 207,195		(195,520)		(104,019)		(20,360)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):													
Transfers in		-		7,500		-	-		236,742		-		85,132
Transfers out		(40,000)		<u>-</u>		<del></del>	 (250,000)		<del></del>		<del></del>		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(40,000)		7,500		<u> </u>	 (250,000)		236,742				85,132
Net change in fund balances		(50,324)		(1,908)		(4,778)	37,195		41,222		(184,819)		64,552
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning		91,540		35,282		20,152	 487,478		258,344		184,819		(65,348)
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$	41,216	\$	33,374	\$	15,374	\$ 524,673	\$	299,566	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(796)

	rketplace Reserve	arketplace F Special	Ма	rketplace NID	ketplace CID	rketplace ID Sales			•		Project #3 Go		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$ 578,323	\$	217,890	\$ -	\$ 231,412	\$	-	\$	91,070	\$	-	\$	1,987,408
	- - -	 1,291 -	-	- - -	 - - -	 1,830 -		3,074		7,021 -		3,426		170,976 16,882 9,535
	<del>-</del>	 579,614		217,890	 	 233,242		3,074		98,091		3,426		2,184,801
	- -	-		-	- - -	6,178 - -		2,607		-		1,806 - -		426,415 45,115 527,636
	- -	 -		125,000 93,468	 - -	 - -		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		215,000 202,591
	<u>-</u>	 		218,468	 	 6,178		2,607		<u>-</u>		1,806		1,416,757
	<u>-</u>	 579,614		(578)	 <del>_</del>	 227,064		467		98,091		1,620		768,044
	251,795 <u>-</u>	 (325,397)		- -	 <u>-</u>	 (23,140)		- -		- (85,132)		-		581,169 (723,669)
_	251,795	 (325,397)		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 (23,140)		<del></del>		(85,132)	-	<u>-</u>		(142,500)
	251,795	254,217		(578)	-	203,924		467		12,959		1,620		625,544
_	342,550	 69,453		(1,330)	 <u> </u>	 77,408		3,569		339,628		(1,462)		1,842,083
\$	594,345	\$ 323,670	\$	(1,908)	\$ 	\$ 281,332	\$	4,036	\$	352,587	\$	158	\$	2,467,627

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 1,825,000	\$ 1,974,000	\$ 1,989,976	\$ 15,976
Investment earnings	16,000	16,000	38,276	22,276
	1,841,000	1,990,000	2,028,252	38,252
EXPENDITURES,				
Debt service:				
Principal	1,390,000	5,005,000	4,850,000	155,000
Interest and other charges	195,000	220,000	169,582	50,418
	1,585,000	5,225,000	5,019,582	205,418
Revenues over (under) expenditures	256,000	(3,235,000)	(2,991,330)	243,670
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Refunding bonds	-	3,390,000	3,380,000	(10,000)
Premium on bond refunding	-	200,000	212,662	12,662
Bond issuance costs	<del>_</del>	(75,000)	(64,371)	10,629
Total other financing sources	<del>-</del>	3,515,000	3,528,291	13,291
Net change in fund balances	256,000	280,000	536,961	256,961
Fund balances - beginning	899,891	899,891	899,891	<del>-</del>
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,155,891	\$ 1,179,891	\$ 1,436,852	\$ 256,961

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --TOURISM TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	I Amoun	nts		al Amounts, etary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	C	Original		Final	<u> </u>				
REVENUES,									
Taxes	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	36,882	\$	(3,118)	
EXPENDITURES, Current, Economic development		47,000		47,000		46,290		71 <u>0</u>	
Revenues under expenditures		(7,000)		(7,000)		(9,408)		(2,408)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, Transfers in		7,500		7,500		7,500			
Net change in fund balances		500		500		(1,908)		(2,408)	
Fund balances - beginning		35,282		35,282		35,282		<del>_</del>	
Fund balances - ending	\$	35,782	\$	35,782	\$	33,374	\$	(2,408)	

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --PUBLIC HEALTH FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES: Taxes Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 92,000 1,000 1,000	\$ 92,000 1,000 1,000	\$ 97,213 947 	\$ 5,213 (53) (1,000)
	94,000	94,000	98,160	4,160
EXPENDITURES, Current, Public health Capital outlay	53,000	53,000 64,000	45,115 63,369	7,885 631
	53,000	117,000	108,484	8,516
Revenues over (under) expenditures	41,000	(23,000)	(10,324)	12,676
OTHER FINANCING USES, Transfers out	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	<del>-</del>
Net change in fund balances	1,000	(63,000)	(50,324)	12,676
Fund balances - beginning	91,540	91,540	91,540	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 92,540	\$ 28,540	\$ 41,216	\$ 12,676

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --OLD TOWNE TIF FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	Amour	nts	al Amounts, getary Basis	Fin:	iance with al Budget ositive egative)
	Oı	riginal		Final			
REVENUES:							
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	330,000 50,000	\$	330,000 50,000	\$ 306,459 34,682	\$	(23,541) (15,318)
		380,000		380,000	 341,141		(38,859)
EXPENDITURES, Current,							
Economic development		380,000		380,000	 345,919		34,081
Revenues under expenditures		<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>	 (4,778)		(4,778)
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(4,778)		(4,778)
Fund balances - beginning		20,152		20,152	 20,152		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	20,152	\$	20,152	\$ 15,374	\$	(4,778)

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts	al Amounts, jetary Basis	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
	C	Priginal		Final			
REVENUES, Taxes	\$	420,000	\$	420,000	\$ 428,159	\$	8,159
EXPENDITURES, Capital outlay		150,000		150,000	 140,964		9,036
Revenues over expenditures		270,000		270,000	 287,195		17,195
OTHER FINANCING USES, Transfers out		(250,000)		(250,000)	 (250,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		20,000		20,000	37,195		17,195
Fund balances - beginning		487,478		487,478	 487,478		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	507,478	\$	507,478	\$ 524,673	\$	17,195

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MC BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --2011 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	I Amounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
	Oı	riginal		Final				
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	- 	\$	10,201 2,190	\$	136,294 2,190	\$	126,093 
				12,391		138,484		126,093
EXPENDITURES, Capital outlay		183,600		197,210		323,303		(126,093)
Revenues under expenditures		(183,600)		(184,819)		(184,819)		-
Net change in fund balances		(183,600)		(184,819)		(184,819)		-
Fund balances - beginning		183,554		183,554		183,554		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	(46)	\$	(1,265)	\$	(1,265)	\$	-

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --MARKETPLACE TIF FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Actual Amount Budgeted Amounts Budgetary Basi					•	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
	0	riginal		Final				
REVENUES,		_	-					
Miscellaneous	\$	5,000	\$	15,000	\$	3,035	\$	(11,965)
EXPENDITURES,								
Current,								
Economic development		5,000		15,000		23,615		(8,615)
Revenues under expenditures		<del>-</del>				(20,580)		(20,580)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		85,000		85,132		132
Transfers out		<u>-</u>		(85,000)		<u>-</u>		85,000
Total other financing sources and (uses)				<u> </u>		85,132		85,132
Net change in fund balances		-		-		64,552		64,552
Fund balances - beginning		(65,348)		(65,348)		(65,348)		<del>-</del>
Fund balances - ending	\$	(65,348)	\$	(65,348)	\$	(796)	\$	64,552

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --MARKETPLACE TIF RESERVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	 Original Final		Final					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, Transfers in	\$ 100,000	\$	265,000	\$	251,795	\$	(13,205)	
Net change in fund balances	100,000		265,000		251,795		(13,205)	
Fund balances - beginning	 342,550		342,550		342,550			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 442,550	\$	607,550	\$	594,345	\$	(13,205)	

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --MARKETPLACE TIF SPECIAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	 - igiiiai							
Taxes Investment earnings	\$ 275,000	\$	450,000 <u>-</u>	\$	578,323 1,291	\$	128,323 1,291	
	 275,000		450,000		579,614		129,614	
OTHER FINANCING USES, Transfers out	 (275,000)		(450,000)		(325,397)		124,603	
Net change in fund balances	-		-		254,217		254,217	
Fund balances - beginning	 69,453		69,453		69,453		<u>-</u>	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 69,453	\$	69,453	\$	323,670	\$	254,217	

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --2012 TIF IDA FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES, Investment earnings	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 3,603	\$ 3,603
EXPENDITURES, Debt service:				
Principal	90,000	90,000	90,000	-
Interest and other charges	107,000	120,000	109,123	10,877
	197,000	210,000	199,123	10,877
Revenues under expenditures	(197,000)	(210,000)	(195,520)	14,480
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, Transfers in	265,000	240,000	236,742	(3,258)
Net change in fund balances	68,000	30,000	41,222	11,222
Fund balances - beginning	258,344	258,344	258,344	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 326,344	\$ 288,344	\$ 299,566	\$ 11,222

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --MARKETPLACE NID FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Rudgetor	Act Budgeted Amounts Bud			
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	(Negative)	
REVENUES: Taxes Investment earnings	\$ 223,500 200	\$ 223,500	\$ 217,890 	\$ (5,610) (200)	
	223,700	223,700	217,890	(5,810)	
EXPENDITURES: Current, Economic development Debt service:	500	500	-	500	
Principal Interest and other charges	125,000 98,200	125,000 98,200	125,000 93,468	4,732	
	223,700	223,700	218,468	5,232	
Revenues under expenditures			(578)	(578)	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(578)	(578)	
Fund balances - beginning	(1,330)	(1,330)	(1,330)		
Fund balances - ending	\$ (1,330)	\$ (1,330)	\$ (1,908)	\$ (578)	

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --MARKETPLACE CID SALES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts	al Amounts, Jetary Basis	Fin F	iance with al Budget ositive egative)
		Original		Final			
REVENUES:			· <u> </u>				
Taxes	\$	120,100	\$	314,950	\$ 231,412	\$	(83,538)
Investment earnings		50		50	 1,830		1,780
		120,150		315,000	 233,242		(81,758)
EXPENDITURES, Current,							
Economic development		8,280		8,280	 6,178		2,102
Revenues over expenditures		111,870		306,720	 227,064		(79,656)
OTHER FINANCING USES,							
Transfers out		(111,000)		(286,720)	 (23,140)		263,580
Net change in fund balances		870		20,000	203,924		183,924
Fund balances - beginning		77,408		77,408	 77,408		<u>=</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	78,278	\$	97,408	\$ 281,332	\$	183,924

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --MARKETPLACE CID TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	0	riginal		Final				
REVENUES,								
Miscellaneous	\$	5,000	\$	7,000	\$	3,074	\$	(3,926)
EXPENDITURES, Current,				7.000		0.007		4.000
Economic development		5,000		7,000		2,607		4,393
Revenues over expenditures		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		467		467
Net change in fund balances		-		-		467		467
Fund balances - beginning		3,569		3,569		3,569		
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,569	\$	3,569	\$	4,036	\$	467

# CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --INTERCHANGE TIF FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budgeted	I Amoui	nts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
	 Original		Final				,
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 103,000	\$	103,000	\$	91,070	\$	(11,930)
Investment earnings	1,000		1,000		7,021		6,021
Miscellaneous	 20,000		20,000		<u>-</u>		(20,000)
	 124,000		124,000		98,091		(25,909)
EXPENDITURES, Current.							
Economic development	 20,000		20,000				20,000
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 104,000		104,000		98,091		(5,909)
OTHER FINANCING USES.							
Transfers out	 <u>-</u>		(85,000)		(85,132)		(132)
Net change in fund balances	104,000		19,000		12,959		(6,041)
Fund balances - beginning	 339,628		339,628		339,628		<u>=</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$ 443,628	\$	358,628	\$	352,587	\$	(6,041)

#### CITY OF GRAIN VALLEY, MO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE --MARKETPLACE TIF #3 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		Budgeted		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	0	riginal		Final				
REVENUES, Miscellaneous	\$	<del>_</del>	\$	3,000	\$	3,426	\$	426
EXPENDITURES, Current, Economic development		_		3,000		1,806		1,194
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-				1,620		1,620
Net change in fund balances		-		-		1,620		1,620
Fund balances - beginning		(1,462)		(1,462)		(1,462)		
Fund balances - ending	\$	(1,462)	\$	(1,462)	\$	158	\$	1,620